## Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA

- (a) Each handler that operates a pool plant pursuant to §1032.7 shall report for each of its operations the following information:
- (1) Product pounds, pounds of butterfat, pounds of protein, pounds of solids-not-fat other than protein (other solids), and the value of the somatic cell adjustment pursuant to §1000.50(p), contained in or represented by:
- (i) Receipts of producer milk, including producer milk diverted by the reporting handler, from sources other than handlers described in §1000.9(c); and
- (ii) Receipts of milk from handlers described in §1000.9(c);
- (2) Product pounds and pounds of butterfat contained in:
- (i) Receipts of fluid milk products and bulk fluid cream products from other pool plants;
- (ii) Receipts of other source milk; and
- (iii) Inventories at the beginning and end of the month of fluid milk products and bulk fluid cream products;
- (3) The utilization or disposition of all milk and milk products required to be reported pursuant to this paragraph; and
- (4) Such other information with respect to the receipts and utilization of skim milk, butterfat, milk protein, other nonfat solids, and somatic cell information, as the market administrator may prescribe.
- (b) Each handler operating a partially regulated distributing plant shall report with respect to such plant in the same manner as prescribed for reports required by paragraph (a) of this section. Receipts of milk that would have been producer milk if the plant had been fully regulated shall be reported in lieu of producer milk. The report shall show also the quantity of any reconstituted skim milk in route disposition in the marketing area.
- (c) Each handler described in §1000.9(c) shall report:
- (1) The product pounds, pounds of butterfat, pounds of protein, pounds of solids-not-fat other than protein (other solids), and the value of the somatic cell adjustment pursuant to §1000.50(p), contained in receipts of milk from producers; and

- (2) The utilization or disposition of such receipts.
- (d) Each handler not specified in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section shall report with respect to its receipts and utilization of milk and milk products in such manner as the market administrator may prescribe.

## § 1032.31 Payroll reports.

- (a) On or before the 20th day after the end of each month, each handler that operates a pool plant pursuant to \$1032.7 and each handler described in \$1000.9(c) shall report to the market administrator its producer payroll for the month, in the detail prescribed by the market administrator, showing for each producer the information described in \$1032.73(f).
- (b) Each handler operating a partially regulated distributing plant who elects to make payment pursuant to \$1000.76(b) shall report for each dairy farmer who would have been a producer if the plant had been fully regulated in the same manner as prescribed for reports required by paragraph (a) of this section.

## § 1032.32 Other reports.

In addition to the reports required pursuant to §§1032.30 and 1032.31, each handler shall report any information the market administrator deems necessary to verify or establish each handler's obligation under the order.

CLASSIFICATION OF MILK

§ 1032.40 Classes of utilization.

See § 1000.40.

### §1032.41 [Reserved]

§ 1032.42 Classification of transfers and diversions.

See § 1000.42.

§ 1032.43 General classification rules. See § 1000.43.

§ 1032.44 Classification of producer milk.

See  $\S 1000.44.$ 

#### § 1032.45

§ 1032.45 Market administrator's reports and announcements concerning classification.

See §1000.45.

#### CLASS PRICES

§ 1032.50 Class prices, component prices, and advanced pricing factors.

See §1000.50.

# §1032.51 Class I differential and price.

The Class I differential shall be the differential established for Jackson County, Missouri, which is reported in §1000.52. The Class I price shall be the price computed pursuant to §1000.50(a) for Jackson County, Missouri.

- § 1032.52 Adjusted Class I differentials. See § 1000.52.
- § 1032.53 Announcement of class prices, component prices, and advanced pricing factors.

See § 1000.53.

§ 1032.54 Equivalent price.

See § 1000.54.

PRODUCER PRICE DIFFERENTIAL

## § 1032.60 Handler's value of milk.

For the purpose of computing a handler's obligation for producer milk, the market administrator shall determine for each month the value of milk of each handler with respect to each of the handler's pool plants and of each handler described in §1000.9(c) with respect to milk that was not received at a pool plant by adding the amounts computed in paragraphs (a) through (i) of this section and subtracting from that total amount the value computed in paragraph (j) of this section. Unless otherwise specified, the skim milk, butterfat, and the combined pounds of skim milk and butterfat referred to in this section shall result from the steps set forth in §1000.44(a), (b), and (c), respectively, and the nonfat components of producer milk in each class shall be based upon the proportion of such components in producer skim milk. Receipts of nonfluid milk products that are distributed as labeled reconstituted milk for which payments are made to

the producer-settlement fund of another Federal order under \$1000.76(a)(4) or (d) shall be excluded from pricing under this section.

- (a) Class I value. (1) Multiply the pounds of skim milk in Class I by the Class I skim milk price; and
- (2) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of butterfat in Class I by the Class I butterfat price.
- (b) Class II value. (1) Multiply the pounds of nonfat solids in Class II skim milk by the Class II nonfat solids price; and
- (2) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of butterfat in Class II times the Class II butterfat price.
- (c) Class III value. (1) Multiply the pounds of protein in Class III skim milk by the protein price;
- (2) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of other solids in Class III skim milk by the other solids price; and
- (3) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of butterfat in Class III by the Class III butterfat price.
- (d) Class IV value. (1) Multiply the pounds of nonfat solids in Class IV skim milk by the nonfat solids price; and
- (2) Add an amount obtained by multiplying the pounds of butterfat in Class IV by the Class IV butterfat price.
- (e) Compute an adjustment for the somatic cell content of producer milk by multiplying the values reported pursuant to §1032.30(a)(1) and (c)(1) by the percentage of total producer milk allocated to Class II, Class III, and Class IV pursuant to §1000.44(c):
- (f) Multiply the pounds of skim milk and butterfat overage assigned to each class pursuant to §1000.44(a)(11) and the corresponding step of §1000.44(b) by the skim milk prices and butterfat prices applicable to each class.
- (g) Multiply the difference between the current month's Class I, II, or III price, as the case may be, and the Class IV price for the preceding month by the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I, II, or III, respectively, pursuant to § 1000.44(a)(7) and the corresponding step of § 1000.44(b);
- (h) Multiply the difference between the Class I price applicable at the location of the pool plant and the Class IV